therapeutic agent for the treatment or prevention of a pathogenic immunoglobulin driven B cell disease with a T cell component.

17. The method according to claim **16** wherein the second or further substance for the treatment or prevention of a pathogenic immunoglobulin driven B cell disease with a T cell component is selected from anti-TNFα agents (such as anti-TNFα antibodies e.g. infliximab or adalumumab), calcineurin inhibitors (such as tacrolimus or cyclosporine), antiproliferative agents (such as mycophenolate e.g. as mofetil or sodium, or azathioprine), general anti-inflammatories (such as hydroxychloroquine or NSAIDS such as ketoprofen and colchicine), mTOR inhibitors (such as sirolimus), steroids (such as prednisone), anti-CD80/CD86 agents (such as abatacept), anti-CD-20 agents (such as anti-CD-20 antibodies e.g. rituximab). anti-BAFF agents (such as anti-BAFF antibodies e.g. tabalumab or belimumab, or atacicept), immunosuppressants (such as methotrexate or cyclophosphamide), anti-FcRn agents (e.g. anti-FcRn antibodies) and other antibodies (such as ARGX-113, PRN-1008, SYNT-001, veltuzumab, ocrelizumab, ofatumumab, obinutuzumab, ublituximab, alemtuzumab, milatuzumab, epratuzumab and blinatumomab).

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